Midtown Public Safety Report

Overall crime is at a 15-year low in the Midtown Improvement District.

The decrease is measured against YTD crime in 2022, a year in which the Midtown Improvement District (MID) experienced its lowest number of crimes in the past 14 years.

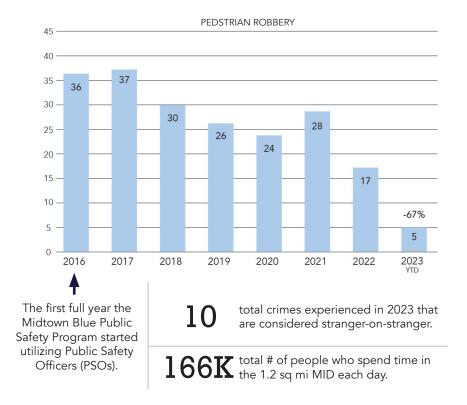
94% of the crime in the MID is non-violent property crime.



CRIME TRENDS IN THE MIDTOWN IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

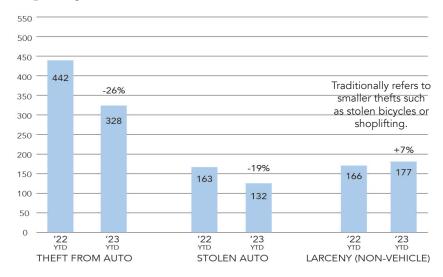
VIOLENT CRIME IS DOWN -33% YTD (THRU 10/28)

Pedestrian robbery incidents are down -67% vs. YTD 2022 and -82% over the average of the past 7 years.



PROPERTY CRIME IS DOWN -17% YTD (THRU 10/28)

90% of total crime incidents in Midtown YTD involved theft, shoplifting, car break-ins or stolen vehicles.



72% of car break-ins are happening in parking garages as opposed to surface parking lots or on-street parking. 45% were parked illegally and either had the key fob in the vehicle or were left running at the time they were stolen.

shoplifting cases in '23 compared to 15 in '22, a 313% increase driven by store owners now seeking prosecution as part of their loss-prevention strategy.

Overall crime in Midtown is down -18% in 2023.

Breaking Down Crime in the MID

(42 Weeks, Jan 1-Oct 28 '22 vs '23)



• 2	Homicides	(-33% vs. YTD 2022) One homicide occurred inside a medical office tower. The suspect was apprehended the same day. The 2nd involved a bystander + occurred during overnight hours.
• 3	Rape/Sexual Assault	All incidents occurred between 1am-4am and involved people who knew each other. Two incidents occurred inside private residences and the other inside a vehicle.
• 5	Pedestrian Robberies	(-67% vs. YTD 2022) There have only been five reported incidents this year.
• 28	Aggravated Assaults	(-22% vs. YTD 2022) One-third of the incidents occurred between 11pm and 5am.
•328	Car Break-Ins	Approximately 72% of the incidents occurred inside parking decks. Typically, victims left valuables in plain sight inside their vehicles.
•132	Stolen Autos	(-19% vs. YTD 2022) 45% were parked illegally and either had the key fob in the vehicle or were left running at the time they were stolen.
•177	Larceny Non-Vehicle	(+7% vs. YTD 2022) Increasing largely because retailers are pressing charges against shoplifters, whereas in the past they just asked the shoplifters to leave the store.
• 12	Commercial Burglaries	(+50% vs. YTD 2022) Incidents have mainly occurred at construction sites or stores that sell liquor and cigarettes.
• 15	Residential Burglaries	(-12% decrease vs. YTD 2022)

Property crimes involving cars (break-ins and stolen autos) make up the majority of these incidents.

<u>About this Report:</u> The U.S. Justice Dept. collects data about Part I offenses to measure serious crime. Each month, contributing public safety agencies submit info. Data in this report is sourced from Atlanta Police Department reports through October 28, 2023 and covers the 1.2 square mile Midtown Improvement District (MID).